



NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF HUMAN SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF PUBLIC MANAGEMENT	
QUALIFICATION CODE: 07BPMN	LEVEL: 6
COURSE NAME: GOVERNANCE AND POLITICS IN AFRICA	COURSE CODE: GPA621S
DATE: January 2019	SESSION: 08:00
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 100

SECOND OPPORTUNITY/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER	
EXAMINER(S)	Mr. Fred Koita Dr. Vincent Sazita
MODERATOR:	Mr. Jackpelins Muundjua

INSTRUCTIONS
7. This paper consists of 6 (six) questions of equal value. 8. Answer any 4 (four) questions. 9. Write clearly and neatly. 10. Number the answers clearly. 11. Read questions carefully before answering 12. This paper is applicable to full-time, part-time and distance education students.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 2 (TWO) PAGES (Including this front page)

QUESTION 1

Discuss the effects and characteristics of personal rule on the politics and governance systems of an African State. Motivate your answer by citing relevant examples. [25]

QUESTION 2

Privatisation of public assets is one of the most controversial issues of institutional arrangements and governance in an African State. State the lessons learnt from Namibia and other places of the African Continent and the global environment relating to plunging into privatization of public assets. [25]

QUESTION 3

Military interventions have been key to African governance ever since gaining independence from colonial masters and are seen to dominate the continent even threatening to be in existence even in the future. Based on this assertion, critically assess the cons and pros of military interventions in an African State. Cite a few relevant regional and international military interventions that took centre stage to motivate your answer. [25]

QUESTION 4

Briefly outline the different kinds of dominant social classes and their characteristics which were very much influential in the governance systems of an African State during the colonial era and are still seen to cut across even to the distant future. [25]

QUESTION 5

Personnel issues and sustainable growth were linked to be crucial for governance in Africa and were therefore to be addressed in order to gain returns from institutional reforms. Discuss in detail how personnel issues and sustainable development would be realized by the African State as prompted by NEPAD and cite a few countries and organizations that are relevant to substantiate your answer. [25]

QUESTION 6

Drawing comparisons between the colonial and post-independence era, critically discuss the similarities, differences and effects of using tribal arrangements in political and administrative governance in Africa. [25]

TOTAL:100